



GRAMPANCHYAT HIWARE BAZAR

A Success Story of Comprehensive Watershed Development Programme

Popatrao Pawar

Sarpanch Hiware Bazar

Ideal Village Hiware Bazar

17 km. From Ahmednagar, District, Maharashtra State.

– A Success Story of Comprehensive Watershed Development Programme

The Village is well recognized for

Watershed Programme

Shramdan of Villagers

NGO support

convergence of Government Scheme.

Village implemented

“Adarsha Gram Yojana”

South region of Ahmednagar District

- having a rainfed farming situation
- limited seasonal agriculture
- farmers migrate for work

Areas is frequently suffer to draughts

- drinking water scarcity
- fodder unavailability
- frequent migration to urban areas for employment



❖ The village Hiware Bazar

Representative village of this rain shadow areas facing all the above mentioned problems.

❖ *During the years of 1972-1989 due to frequent draughts,*

- ❖ *There was a major migration*
- ❖ *There was no source of income*
- ❖ *The people turned to local liquor preparation and selling.*
- ❖ *It had became major source of income.*
- ❖ *It Gave birth to all other evil activities*
- ❖ *Villagers are recognized as a criminal villagers*
- ❖ *Govt servants consider there posting in village as punishment*

❖ The village was also lacking the basic facilities

- Primary education and health
- The well to do families shifted their children to the cities
- Those left behind turned towards illegal income generation.

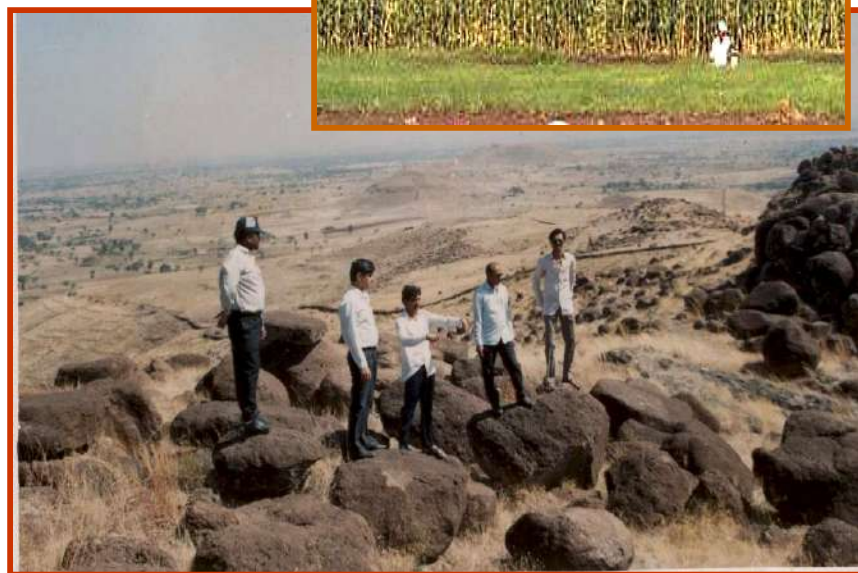
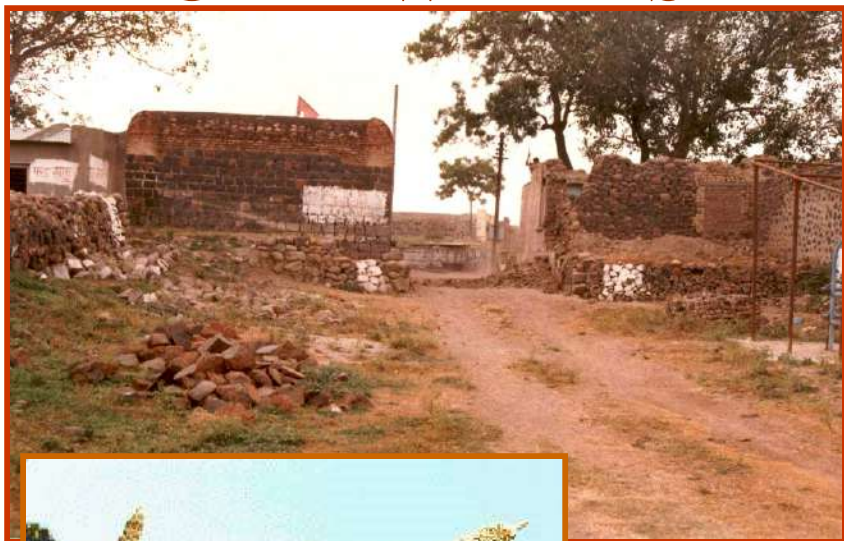
PROBLEMS AND ISSUES OF HIWARE BAZAR BEFORE DEVELOPEMENT

- ☞ **RAIN FED AREA** (Average rainfall 350-400 mm)
- ☞ **RAINFED CROPPING PATTERN**
- ☞ **HEAVY SOIL EROSION**
- ☞ **DRINKING WATER SCARCITY**
- ☞ **FODDER UNAVAILABILITY**
- ☞ **FUEL WOOD UNAVAILABILITY**

SOCIAL PROBLEMS

- **UNEMPLOYMENT**
- **MIGRATION, FRUSTRATION OF VILLAGERS**
- **INCREASE IN CRIME**
- **OVERALL BAD REPUTATION OF VILLAGE DUE TO CRIME**

BEFORE WATERSHED













All communities Spiritual Development with sustainble development

- ✓ I complete my post graduate education in commerce faculty at Ahmednagar a city in Maharashtra. I participate in many sports and cultural activities during my college course. Naturally it was a influencing factor on the youngster and other villagers of Hiware bazar.
- ✓ In the year of 1989, the state govt. declared village Panchayat elections. The subject of election was again a fearful factor in the minds of the villagers because of earlier bad experiences of elections. That took place in the village.
- ✓ Some of the visionary good people and youngsters invited me to the village gramsabha and during the gramsabha in the village I addressed to them about around development that was needed in the village, the village gramsabha selected me as a village Sarpancha for five years.



CHANGE IN LEADERSHIP



- 🔑 ELECTED UNANIMOUSLY AS A SARPANCHA
- 🔑 GRAM SABHA - PROBLEMS & ISSUES IDENTIFIED
- 🔑 FORMATION OF NGO
- 🔑 IMPLEMENTATION OF "ADARSH GAON YOJANA"
GOVT . OF MAHARASHTRA
- 🔑 ACCEPTANCE & IMPLEMENTATION OF
“PANCHASUTRI” (Five Principals)

- ❑ Friends and relatives forced me to leave the village and not to become the Sarpancha, but I was very determined to accept the challenge of changing the face of village and I accepted the opportunity for the sake of my village.
- ❑ On the day of 26th January 1990, the first Gram Sabha was called and the basic needs of the village was brought towards their activities and I appealed to the villagers for their full fledged participation for attaining their basic needs and requirements. The following basic needs were identified in the Gram Sabha.

Change of Village in Adarsh Gram by Converting the School (Primary Step)

The Five years planning for period of 1990-95 was prepared by village panchayat. The needs and requirements were prioritized and first priority was given to the education facilities in the village gram sabha and decided to implement it by concerned Govt. agencies viz. village panchayat , youth club. Naturally Govt. agencies decided to implement the different scheme and programme in the village Hiwarebazar.

The Villagers concluded that

Change of Village in Adarsh Gram by Converting the School

PRIMARY SCHOOL BEFORE



- Primary school converted to high school
- **The literacy grown from 30% to 95%**
- 18 people donated their land for School ground & Building

This brought attention of Govt. agencies towards the leadership and the villagers which are turning to development.



After Development



The School became model schools in the District .

ADARSH GRAM YOJANA

The State Govt. for its Golden Jubilee of State formation announced the “Adarsh Gram Yojana”
Hivare Bazar decided to participate in the scheme which aims to



- Provide drinking water
- Employment
- Green fodder
- Education and health

Shramdan	(Free Labour)
Ban on Grazing	(Charaibandi)
Ban on Tree cutting	(Kurhad Bandi)
Ban on Liquor	(Nasha Bandi)
Family Planning	(Kutumb Niyojan)

- Developing the self sustainable village by watershed development

- Arresting the migration of villagers towards cities.

**PANCHA SUTRI FOR
SUSTAINABILITY**

**(FIVE BASIC PRINCIPLES
FOR SELF
DEVELOPMENT)**

The Programme implementation was based on following “Panchasutri

GRAM SABHA- A KEY FACTOR FOR SUSTAINABLE VILLAGE DEVELOPMENT

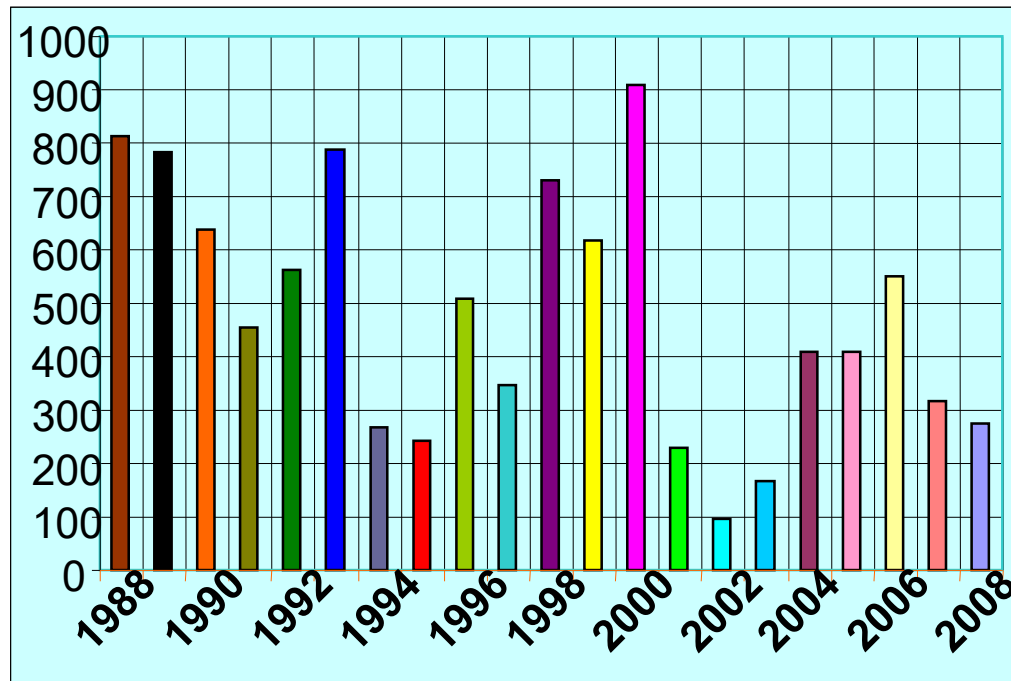
The Hiware Bazar village Gramsabha on its meeting on 15th August 1994 took there decisions and established the “Yashwant Krishi Gram & Watershed Development Trust” for

Implementing watershed development programme in the village and started implementing the programmes and activities of Adarsh Gram Yojana.



Salient Features of the Village Hiware Bazar

Area of the village H : 976.84
Rainfall in mm(2014 : 384
Population : 1245
Cattle's : 1130
Males : 625
Females : 620
farm families : 205
land less families : 03
Milk animals : 488
Farm use animals : 206



Average rainfall - 350- 400 mm.

Cultivable Land 795.23 Ha.

➤ **Forest Land** 070.03 Ha.

➤ **Pasture Land** 006.75 Ha.

➤ **Gaothan** 004.86 Ha.

➤ **Irrigated Land** 580.40 Ha.

➤ **No. of functioning wells** 252

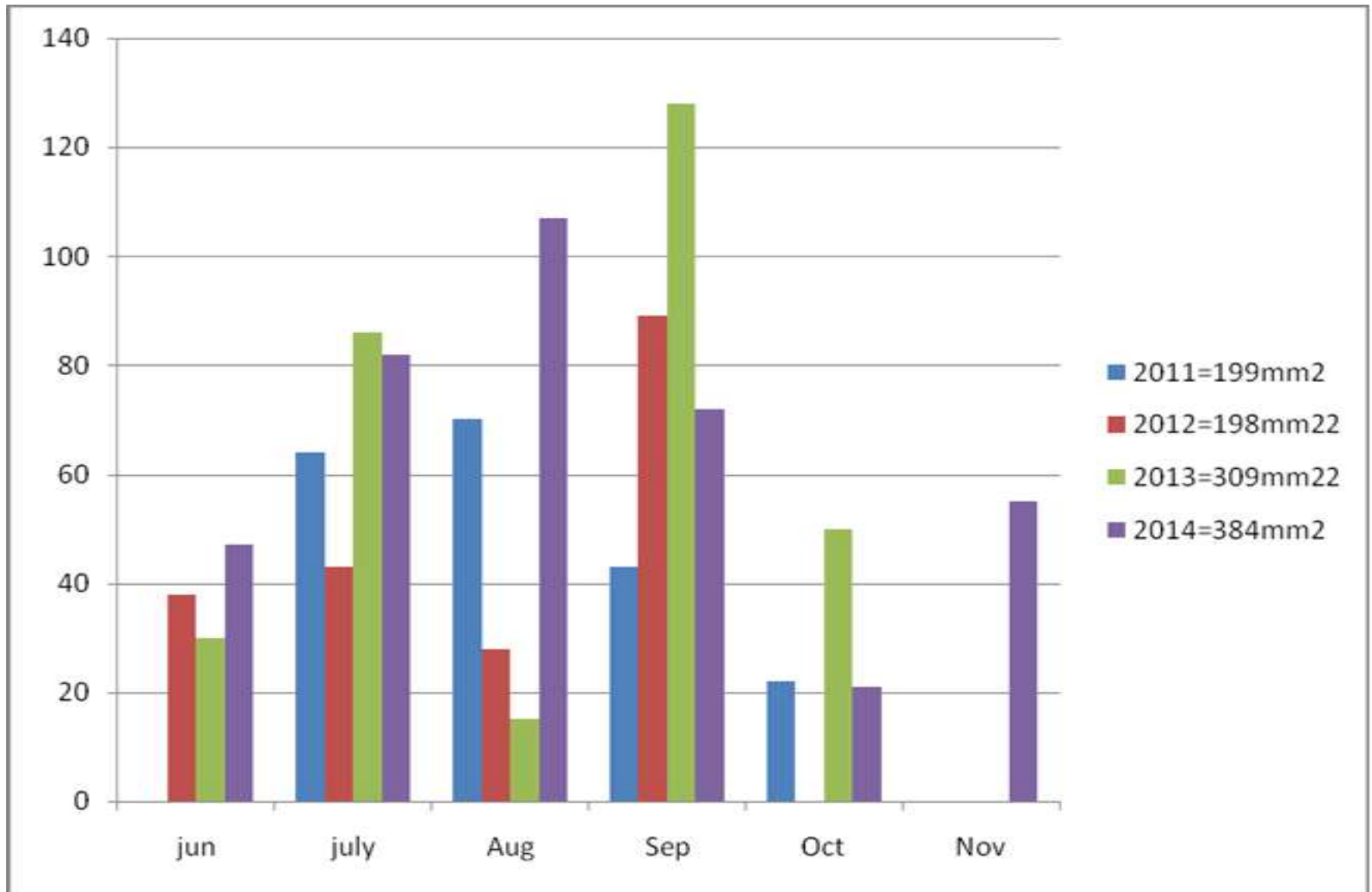
➤ **Slope of the watershed** 3 to 25 %

year	1988	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998
Rainfall (mm)	81	78	6	45	56	78	26	24	510	34	73

year	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Rainfall	616	907	228	96	168	407	410	549	315	277

2009	2010	2011	2012
427	387		

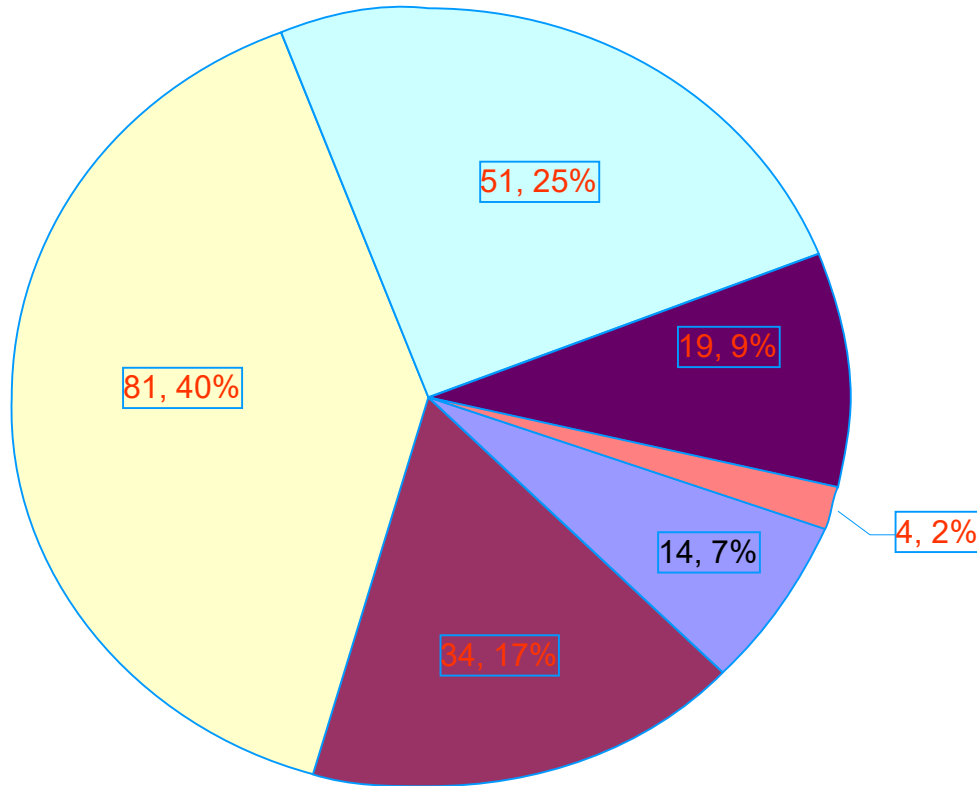
Water Audit 2014-15



WATER BUDGET YEAR 2014-15

- VILLAGE NAME - HIWARE BAZAR
- TAHASIL - NAGAR, DISTRICT - AHMEDNAGAR
- VILLAGE LEVEL WATER AUDIT
- PLANING OF CROPS ON THE BASIS OF RAINFALL YEAR 2014
- TOTAL RAINFALL OF THE VILLAGE - 384 mm
- TOTAL AVAILABLE WATER - 375.11 Cr.Lit.
- A]CLSSIFICATION OF AVAILABLE WATER
- 1. TOTAL RUNOFF - 35.88 Cr.Lit.
- 2. EVAPORATION LOSS - 112.53Cr.Lit.
- 3. SURFACE WATER STORAGE - 18.76 Cr.Lit.
- 4. GROUND WATER RECHARGE - 37.51 Cr.Lit.
- 5. SOIL MOISTURE - 112.53 Cr.Lit.
- 6. ADDITIONAL GROUND WATER - 57.9 Cr.Lit.
- RECHARGE DUE TO WATER CONSERVATION
- B] ACTUAL AVAILABLE WATER FOR USE - 226.7 Cr.Lit.
- C] REQUIRED WATER FOR VILLAGE
- DRINKING WATER NEED - 3.41 Cr.Lit.
- (HUMAN AND CATTLE POPULATION)
- AGRICULTURAL NEED - 214.0 Cr.Lit.
- · WATER NEED OTHER USES - 4.5 Cr.Lit.

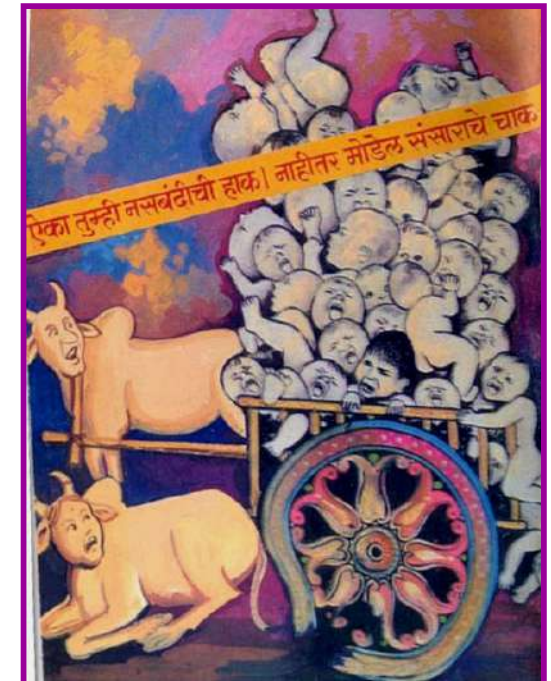
Population Control



■ No child	■ Only One Child	■ Two Childs
■ Three Childs	■ four Three Childs	■ More than Five Childs

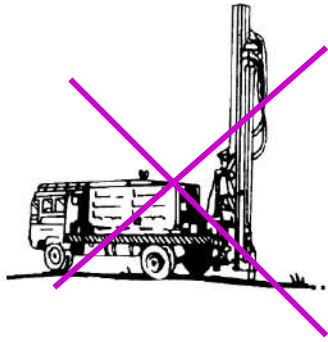
Sr .	Details	Age Group Years	Familie s
01	No child	18-49	14
02	Only One Child	18-49	34
03	Two Childs	18-49	81
04	Three Childs	18-49	51
05	four Three Childs	18-49	19
06	More than Five Childs	49 & above	4

- + Effective factor of development is Population Control

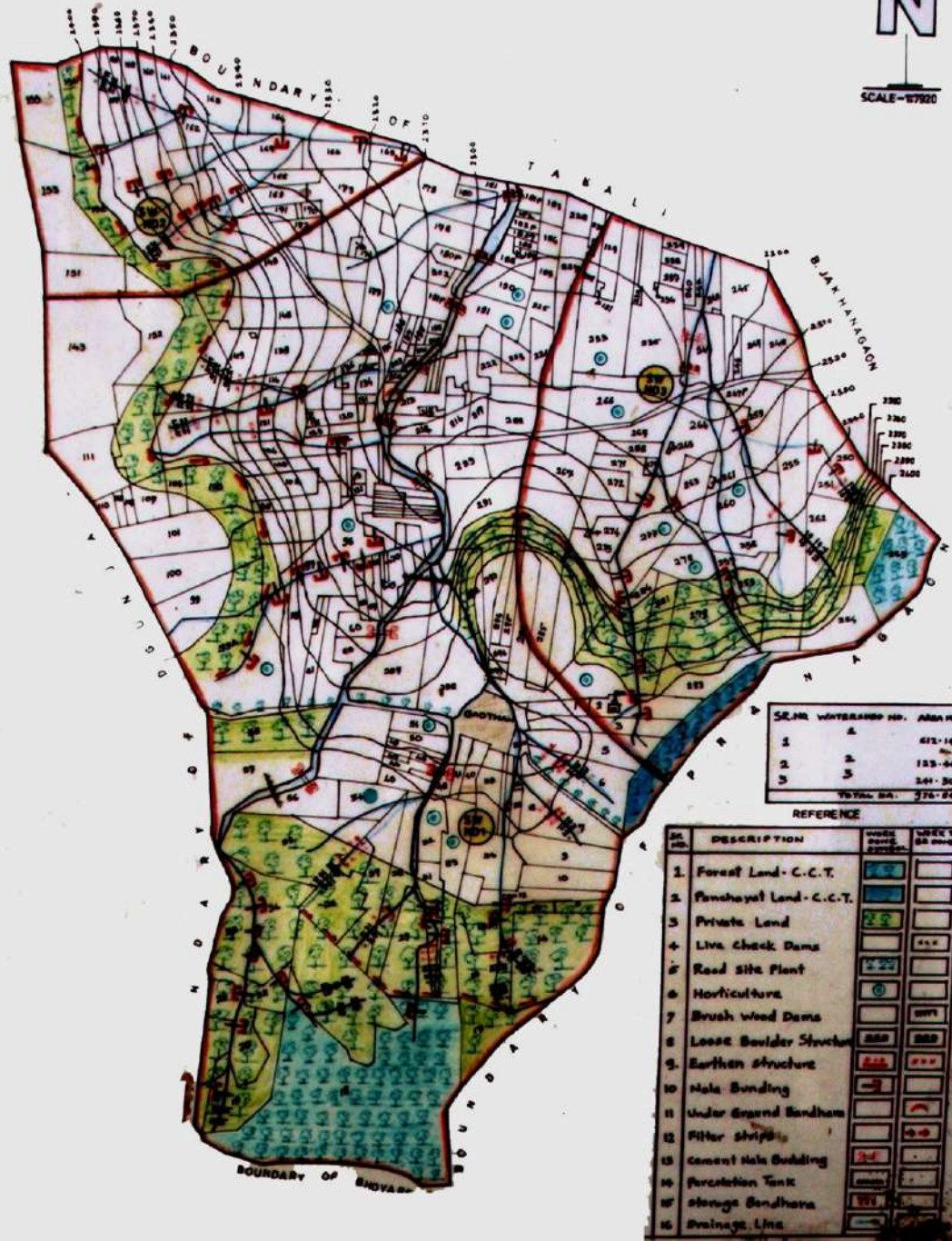


TOTAL BAN ON

- **BOREWELLS FOR IRRIGATION PURPOSE**
(Only for Drinking Water)
- **WATER INTENSIVE CROP CULTIVATION**
(Banana & Sugarcane)
- **SELLING OF LAND TO OUTSIDERS**
- **FEELING OF OWNERSHIP VILLAGE
NATURAL RESOURCES.**



TREATMENT MAP OF VILLAGE HIWARE BAZAR TAL.& DIST. AHMEDNAGAR



- ❖ The village Hiware Bazar decided to focus on EGS. The main thrust was on continuous contour trench (CCT), Plantation, Soil and Water Conservation.
- ❖ Funds utilised from EGS Scheme, Ideal Village scheme of State Govt. through Yeshwant Watershed Development Trust.
- ❖ All the works were implemented through EGS by the labourers from the Village.

BEFORE



Continue Continuous Stretches



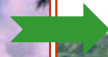
Deep C.C.T. (1x1 Metre)



Deep C.C.T. (1x1 Metre) filled with rain water



AFTER Plantation



Earthen Bund Before



Earthen Bund After Plantation



EARTHEN STRUCTURES



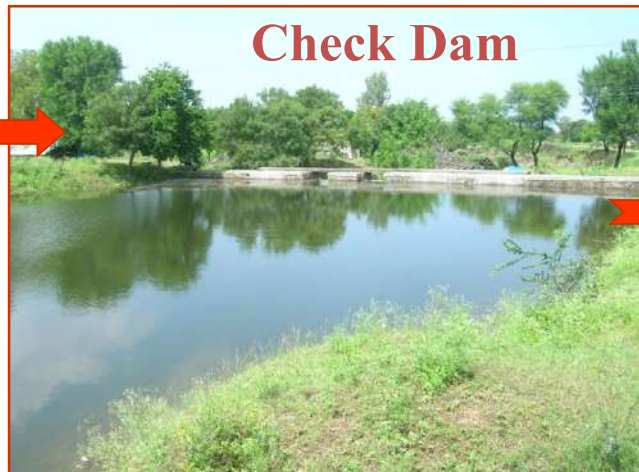
Earthen Structure in Spring Season



Percolation Tank



Check Dam



Open Well



Artificial Aquifer Blast





DEEP CCT project in
Hiware Bazar





Nalabuilding repairing in
Gat no. 2 B Of Hiware
Bazar





IN 2014 -306 MM RAINFALL THERE
IS NO WATER IN STRUCTURE
THEREAFTER WATER LEVEL
INCREASED DUE TO WATERSHED
DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMME



Nursery under the saving of rain water harvesting in hiware bazar



PLAY PUMP AND TOILET WITH MODEL ANGANWADI TOILET





SOLAR AND WINDMILL SYSTEM APPLIED IN VILLAGE



IMPACT of Programme

Sr.	Item	Pre W/S	Current Dev. Programme	Increases Status
01	No. of Wells	97	280	2.25 times
02	Electric Pumps	87	240	2.25 times
03	Oil Engines	7	2	
04	a) Area under protective Irrigation (Ha.)	125Ha.	624.23Ha.	3.18 times
04	b) Irrigation during summer Agriculture	7 Ha.	120 Ha.	10.28 times
	a) Cropped area (Ha.)	405.2	624.23Ha.	63 %
	b) Cropping Intensity (%)	94	0128	34
	c) Oil seed area (Ha.)	23	0104	4.52 times
	d) Pulses area (Ha.)	31	084	2.87 times
	e) Use of Improved / hybrid seed (Ha.)	53	0548	10 times
	f) Seed Treatment (Ha.)	43	0444	10 times

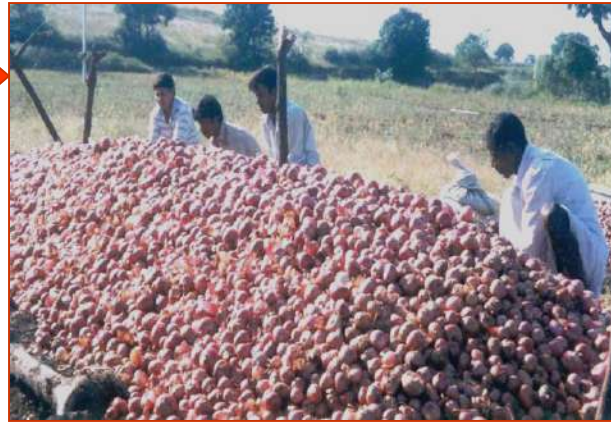
IMPACT of Programme contd...

Sr.	Item	Pre W/S	Current	Increases
		Dev Prg.	Dev. Programme	Status
	g) Area of insect & Pest control	48	0296	6.16 times
	h) Use of Fertilizers (ton) Organic – 30% Inorganic 70%	09	0163	18.11 times
05	Soil Samples (No.)	27	393	14.55 times
06	Area under Horticulture	7.10 Ha.	40 Ha.	7.60 times
07	Area under drip/ sprinkler Irrigation	0	150	95 times
08	No. of Milk Animals	19	476	25 times
09	Milk collection / day (lit.)	140	3000Lit.	21 times
10	Shetkari Magazine subscriber	41	283	7 times
11	Income generated (Rs. Lakh)	8.23	147.84	15.07 times
12	Per Capita Income (Rs.)	832	28,893	30 times
13	Threshers (No.)	1	06	06 times
14	Tractors (No.)	0	20	20 times

IMPACT OF PROGRAMME

- ❑ **RISE IN WATERTABLE (70-80 ft. to 20-25 ft.)**
- ❑ **CHANGE IN CROPPING PATTERN (Jawar & Bajara to Onion, Potato, Horticulture, vegetable, floriculture)**
- ❑ **INCREASE IN CROPPING INTENSITY**
- ❑ **INCREASE IN FODDER AVAILABILITY (from 1500 mt. to 6000 mt.)**
- ❑ **INCREASE IN MILK PRODUCTION (from 300 lit. to 3500 lit./ day)**

CHANGE IN CROPPING PATTERN



Potato





REMIGRAT FAMILY

CHANGE IN CROPPING PATTERN





**More Earning Sources Due To
Implementation Of “PANCHASUTRI”**



**Change In Standard Of Living Due To
Economic Stability**



Change In Standard Of Living Due To Economic Stability



REDUCTION IN SOIL EROSION

Grass Cutting

Grass Transportation



**Dairy after completion of
Water Shed Development Programme.**



Sansad Adarshgaon Yojna Launching in
Hiware bazar Date- 1 Decembar 2015
Hon.Pankajatai Munde Min Rural
Development Govt.of Maharashtra





Tantamukta 7/12 Utara
Abhiyan in Hiware bazar
Collector and S.D.O.
Guided to villagers





In Hiware Bazar 100 %
families had Ration CardL

Hiware Bazar villagers
100 % families had
distributed LPG gas on
subsidy





IN HIWARE BAZAR NEW
SUBSTATION 33/11 KV AND
250 HOME LIGHT CONNECTION
AND ALSO 370 IRRIGATION
CONNECTION AND 17 NEW
TRANSFORMER IN
AKADAMUKTA ABHIYAN



DOI: 10.1002/for

ग्रामस्थ विनाअपघात चालवणार गाड्या; राज्यातील पहिल्याच उपक्रम

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સાચું પોષણ તમારું સ્વાસ્થ્ય સુધારે : જાણીતા પોષણ નિષ્ણત ડૉ. અમીતભાઈ પટેલે જણાવ્યું હતું કે, જો તમે યોગ્ય રીતે પોષણ લેશો તો તમારું સ્વાસ્થ્ય સુધારી શકો છો. તેમણે જણાવ્યું હતું કે, જો તમે યોગ્ય રીતે પોષણ લેશો તો તમારું સ્વાસ્થ્ય સુધારી શકો છો.

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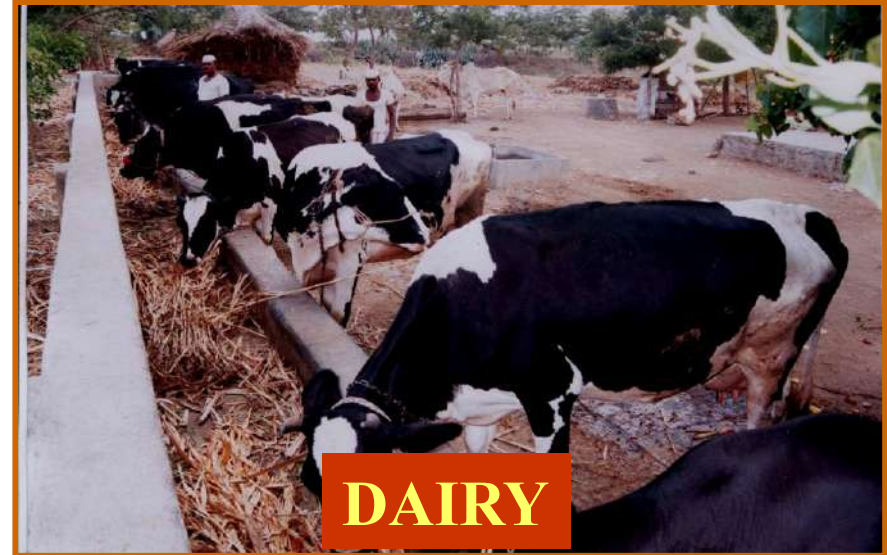
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IMPACT OF PROGRAMME Contd...

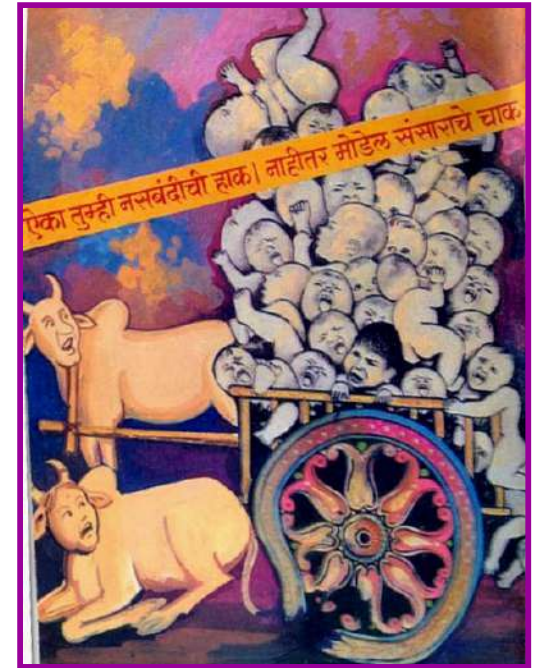
- **INCREASE IN EMPLOYMENT**
- **REDUCTION IN SOIL EROSION
(NO SILTING)**
- **CHANGE AND IMPROVEMENT IN ECOLOGY**
- **SOCIAL POSITIVE CHANGE**
- **INCREASE IN CREDITABILITY OF**
- **VILLAGERS FOR BANK LOANS**

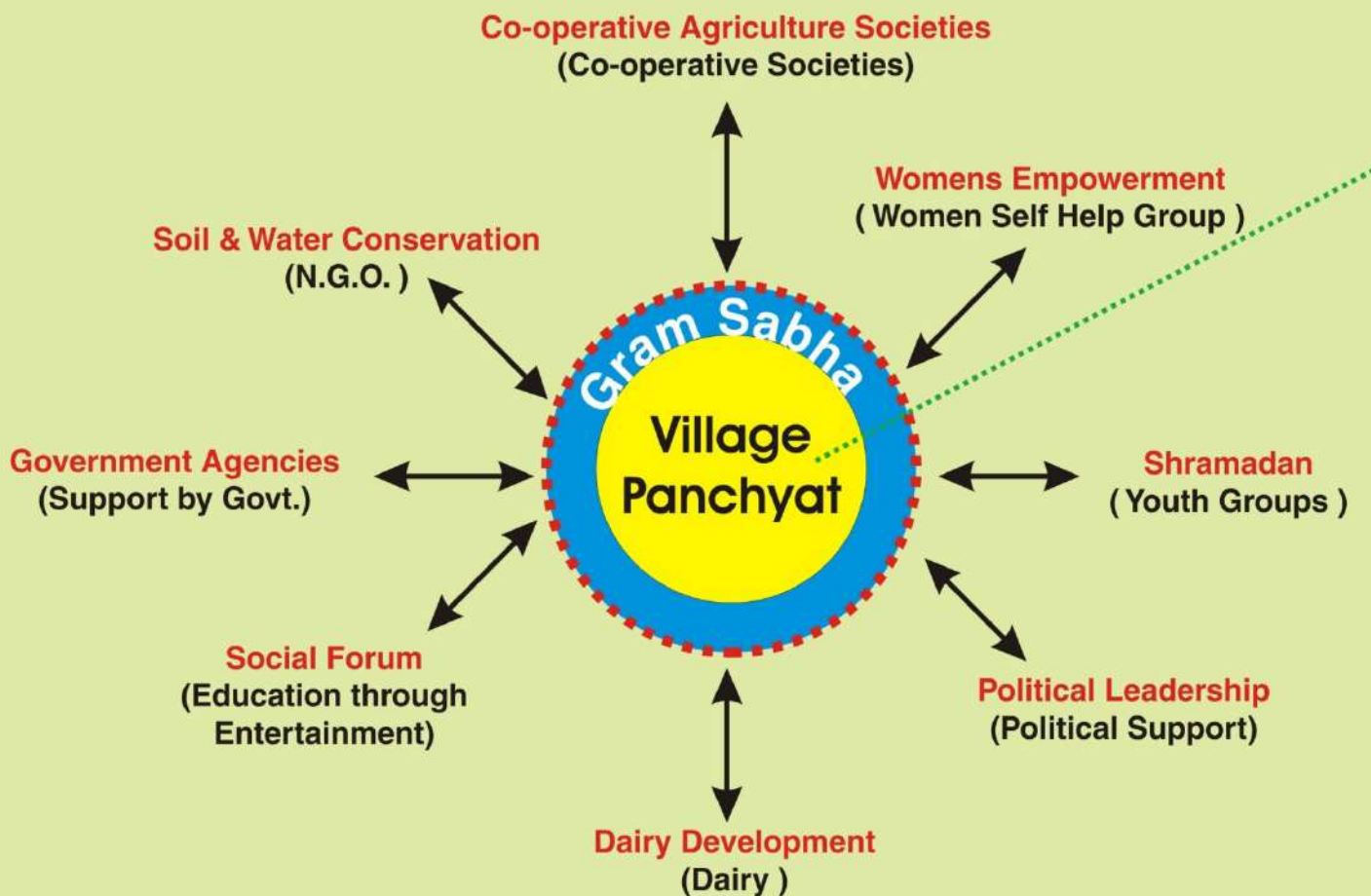
INCREASE IN EMPLOYMENT



SOCIAL INTEGRATION BY FORMATION OF

- WOMEN's THRIFT GROUPS
- WOMEN's MILK DAIRY SOCIETY
- BHAJANI MANDAL
- YOUTH CLUBS
- CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY
- COMMON CREMATORIUM
- COMMON DRINKING WATER SOURCE
- ADOPTION OF ONE FAMILY ONE CHILD CONCEPT





Powers of Village Panchayat

Providing Ration Card

Birth - Death Certificate

E.B.C. Certificate
for Education

Certificate of Domicile

Character Certificate

Succes's Path of Hiware Bazar

Inter Linkage between

Village Sabha - Grampanchayat- Block - District Panchayat (Z.P.)
& Other Working Agencies

Village makes HIV test mandatory before marriage

Hivare Bazar village insists on ELISA test to keep 'model town' free of AIDS

By Sandhya Nair
sandhya@mid-day.com

AHMEDNAGAR: Matching horoscopes, fixing the dowry amount and preparing the guest list can all wait. When it comes to deciding on the marriage of a son or a daughter in Hivare village, a hamlet of 225 families located 16 km from Ahmednagar, the villagers — grandparents, mothers, fathers and the bride-to-be — will instead insist on a Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) test.

So while elders in the neighbourhood insist on "living happily married ever after", the 20-odd boys and girls who have attained a marriageable age will, in April next year, undergo the Enzyme Linked Immuno Sorbent Assay (ELISA) test.

"When I get marriage proposals I will request the boy to get a HIV test done before matching the horoscopes. If he doesn't I will politely refuse his offer," says 19-year-old Manjula Bangar, a final year arts student at Nagar College in Ahmednagar.

"The villagers are realising how the killer disease is not just restricted to urban areas but is fast spreading into villages," says the village sarpanch Poojean Pawar (45), who has helped change the negative image of the village head as portrayed in most Marathi films.

Though Hivare Bazar has still to report any HIV case, the increasing number of dhabas on the Pune-Ahmednagar highway, along which the village is located, has worried the village elders. "There is a lot of floating population in the village area as drivers from different states halt at these dhabas for food and entertainment. We cannot control their activities, but we can instill fear in our own boys and girls by making the test mandatory." Most of the matchmaking happens within a radius of 10 to 15 kilometres between villages like Hivare Bazar, Khedgson, Chas and Jalangson.

The village youngsters have taken the challenge in the right spirit. "We are looking out for a match for my younger brother. It is good to know whether the prospective bride suffers from any disease, especially AIDS. Even my brother will not mind taking the test," says Shivaji Tange who has been married for the last three years. "I have been married and am lucky to not have acquired the disease or even transmitted it. But not everyone will be so lucky," adds Tange.

Interestingly, change is no stranger to Hivare Bazar. It is



Kusum Padir, Rohini Tange and Manjula Bangar discuss the killer disease AIDS

currently the 'model village,' having bagged the state Government's five-year Adarsh Gaon award in 1997-98.

Little wonder that even children here are willing to learn new things. "I saw some slides on HIV and AIDS. I learned that today it is the most deadly disease worrying our country after tuberculosis," says Anol Ghatge, a 12-year-old student of the village school.

The villagers do not have to combat diseases like malaria and jaundice as the entire village has been declared a green zone. "Garbage cannot be littered around the village, it is used for manure. Water is also recycled and used for washing clothes and watering plants," explains Pawar.

The village's Yashwant Agri Watershed Development project has ensured that the village receives sufficient water throughout the year. This monsoon the village received only 100 mm of water but thanks to the project, that did not affect the agricultural growth of onions, potatoes and fruits. The village also boasts a production of 1,900 litres of milk.

Under the project, the natural waters on the hills are tapped and stored underground and then channelled to the villagers through underground pipelines. Further, there is a complete ban on felling trees in the village.

More interestingly, the village has successfully implemented the family planning scheme. "The two children norm is being following by the villagers. The village has been able to maintain its population at 1,300," says Pawar.

Little wonder then that the big and small of the village do not shy away from discussing topics like sex and AIDS. "It is advisable to undergo HIV tests

before marriage. Why risk the lives of two families by marrying blindly," asks 17-year-old Kusum Padir, who quit studies after class VII. Padir is happy that today she too can air her views and opinions when it comes to her marriage. "Things are changing now. I cannot remain silent while my parents decide on my marriage. The ELISA test is the first proof of my parents' willingness to involve me in a crucial decision," says Rohini Tange, a first year medical student of the village.

The villagers may not know what HIV and AIDS stand for. But they see precaution becoming a necessity in the coming years. "Things were different in our times. After learning about AIDS I would want my future son-in-law to be tested," says 42-year-old Manisha Ghatge. And that's why the entire village is looking forward to a workshop and slide show on HIV being organised by the village gram panchayat later this month. The decision makers of the village are now in touch with the district government officials to make concessions available for the ELISA test.

Though neighbouring villages are reacting with shock at Hivare Bazar village's mandatory HIV test, a positive step was taken by Chas village when they recently called a gram panchayat meeting to discuss and debate if the killer virus needed to be kept under check, says Pawar, adding that a meeting of village heads of around 30 villages is being held at the end of the month to discuss the need for carrying out the test.

School tours and dignitaries from other states and foreign countries making a beeline to the village has lifted the morale of the village. The mandatory ELISA test has just put it on top of the popularity chart.

Decision by Gram Sabha On 2nd Dec. 2002

Village Makes HIV Test Mandatory before marriage

Hiware Bazar village insists on ELISA Test to keep 'model town' free of AIDS

Kusum Padir, Rohini Tange, and Manjula Bangar discuss the killer disease AIDS

Draught Prone Area Programme

After successful Implementation of Adarsh Gav Project at Hiware Bazar the Sanstha has called upon to take under DPAP Project in peripheral villages viz. Jakhangaon, Nimgaon Wagha, Nimgaon Ghana, Chass, Kamargaon, Bhorwadi, Akolner, Bhoyre pathar etc. As a result water shed development work on once at Hiware Bazar are planned over 500 Ha. Area in each of the 8 villages mentioned. A total of 4000 Ha. Would thus be treated for development for assured water supply to 1500 Ha. In 8 villages so as to bring the entire area under cultivation

Sanstha had completed following soil and water conservation treatments.

C.C.T.	57.42 Ha.
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Earthen Nala Bund	24 Nos.
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Cement Nala Bund	11 Nos.
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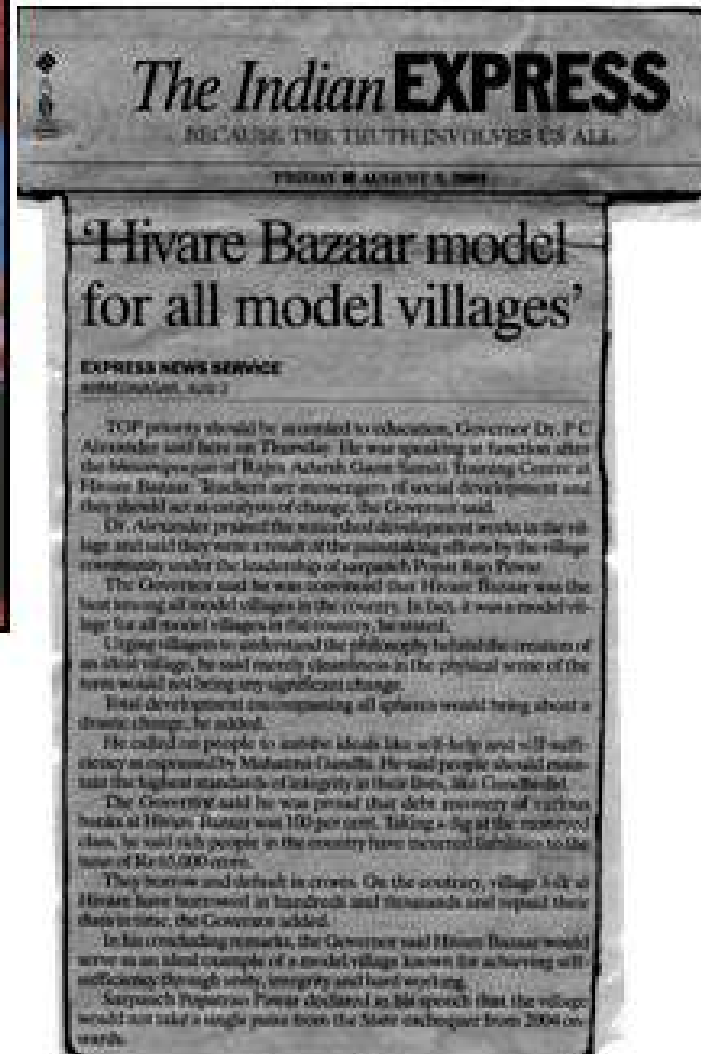
CONTRIBUTION OF HIWARE BAZAR IN POLICY DECISION MAKING OF STATE & CENTRAL GOVT.

- **HIGH POWER COMMITTEE GOVT OF INDIA FOR D.P.A.P. & D.D.P.**
- **WATER UTILIZATION AND DISTRIBUTION -
POLICY OF GOVT. OF MAHARASHTRA**
- **NOMINATION ON EGS COMMITTEE OF STATE FOR
POLICY REFORMS TO RECONCILIATION OF THE SCHEMES.**
- **NOMINATION ON STATE EDUCATION STUDY GROUP**
- **NOMINATION ON “ADARSH GAON YOJANA” OF
STATE COMMITTEE**
- **JOINT FOREST MANAGEMENT**
- **EMPOWERMENT OF PANCHAYAT RAJ SYSTEM FOR
STRENGTHEN VILLAGE PANCHAYAT (73rd AMMENDMENT)**

VISITORS



**Dr. PC ALEXANDER
GOVERNER OF MAHARASHTRA
ADDRESSING VILLAGERS**



Maj. Gen. Shri Ashok Wasudeva, Chief Nation Defiance Collage (NDC), New Delhi, (With 32 Maj. Generals & Army Officers) They are going to adopt Hivare Bazar pattern in the Villages situated on the Border



Maj. Gen. Randhava, President of Ex-Army man Union, Punjab. with (with Retired Ex-Army Service men now working as Sarpanch)



National ACC, HQ Ahmednagar Army Officers Visit at Hivare Bazar.

**(Every Month 150 Retiring Army
persons from all over India for
preparation of their retirement
document come to Ahmednagar &
same time they arrange to visit
Hivare Bazar)**

**Lt. Col. Subhash Poal,
Commandant NCC Visit
at Hivare Bazar with
Cadet. They are going to
adopt sum Villages for
Development thorough
Hivare Bazar Pattern.**





VISIT OF JERMAN
STUDENTS (MBA)

KENIA AND MALAI (SOUTH
AFRICA) AGRICULTURE
OFFICERS VISITED
HIWARE BAZAR





***WALMI Institute visited to
Hiware bazar***

***IFS DEHARADUN trainee
visited to Hiware bazar***





BAIF INSTITUTE member has
visited
To Hiware Bazar

National Youth project
Students visited to
Hiware Bazar with
Dr.Subbarao and discussed
mr.popatrao pawar





YASHADA
team visited to
Hiware Bazar and
Mr. popatrao Pawar
Discussed.

Villagers of Rajsthan Visited
To Hiware bazar and popatrao
Pawar discussed with him .





Orissa Team has Visited
Hiware and discussed to
Mr. popatrao pawar

IIT students has Visited
Hiware Bazar and discussed to
Mr. popatrao pawar



Rajmohan Gandhi Hiware Bajar Visit

Discuss With Villegers



Mob Prensnet For Gramsabha





17 STATE DEPT OF AGRICULTUR MINISTER HIWARE
BAZAR VISIT

Shri M sir visit to Hiware Bazar





Mr Popatrao pawar Guided About bank of Ideas & Innovation workshop



For Excellent work in soil & water conservation
with hands of Hon, Narendraji Modi Prime
Minister of Govt of India.,
Vibrant Gujrat – Award 2013 Govt of Gujrat
Date:- 10 September 2013

ADARSHGAON YOJNA

**Watershed Development Program
in 100 Villages
Maharashtra**

Adarshgaon Sankalp and Prakaalp Samiti, Maharashtra (India) **(Ideal village scheme)**

The Maharashtra State Government decided to celebrate the 9th august 1992 occasion of golden jubilee of an important freedom fight 'Quit India Movement' started in 1942. A meeting was arranged under the chairmanship of late Shri.Sudhakar Rao Naik, C.M. of Maharashtra.

Great freedom fighter late Shri Achyutrao Patwardhan suggested in the meeting that the development would take place only after we have 'self reliant villages' and it was Bapuji's dream too. In order to make the dream come true and celebrate the occasion meaningfully, at least one village in each taluka has to be developed on the basis of model of 'Ralegansidhi'.

Adarshgaon sankalp and prakalp scheme (Ideal village scheme) is an ambitious scheme of Government of Maharashtra. Overall village development through people's participation is the main theme of the scheme it was launched on 9th August, 1992. It was decided to make it district level scheme since 1994 and then since 1996-97 the scheme is state level scheme.

In the beginning it was expected that the villagers come forward on their own (inspiration). Main aim of the scheme was reformation of social discipline with overall development. Social discipline comprised of seven principles that is family planning, social ban on alcohol, Ban on free grazing, Ban on tree cutting, ban on borewell, ban on open Defecation, Donation of voluntary labour, for community welfare and the village was bound by the same. Village was suppose to select the NGO registered to the charity commissioner through Gram Sabha to implement the scheme.

In view of the overall development, different schemes of Government of Maharashtra are to be implemented on priority basis 59 schemes of 12 departments were included. Out of this watershed development work is classified and considered to be core sector and other departmental works as non core sector.

A state level committee under the chairmanship of Minister Water Conservation and under guidance of Hon. Annasaheb Hazare is formed. A working committee under the chairmanship of Hon. Popatrao Pawar is formed. District level committee is headed by Chief executive officer, ZP and village level committee is also formed.

Total number of villages covered in the scheme are 201, the 167 NGO are working and Rs.41 Cr. Is the expenditure till date. Hivre Bazar is one of the village participated and benefited in the scheme. Now Hon. Popatrao Pawar is the working president of the scheme since 2009 his 21 years experience of Hivre Bazar is utilized in the implementation of the scheme. The government of Maharashtra has extended full support to the scheme. Due to this different models in the different regions are coming forward to guide the respective area till date 52 villages are newly selected and up to 100 villages will be selected up to December 2013.

Different committees

State level committee

Sr. no	Member	Designation	Sr. no	Member	Designation
1	Minister (Water conservation)	President	8	Chief secretary (Social Welfare)	Member
2	State Minister (Water conservation)	Vice- president	9	Chief secretary (Water supply and sanitation)	Member
3	Mr. Popatrao Pawar	Executive president	10	Chief secretary (Rural Development)	Member
4	Chief secretary (Planning)	Member	11	Additional Chief secretary (Agriculture)	Member
5	Chief secretary (Watershed)	Member	12	Commissioner (Agriculture)	Member
6	Chief secretary (Energy)	Member	13	Director (soil conservation and watershed development)	Member secretary

Executive committee (State level)

No	Member	Designation
1	Mr. Popatrao Pawar	Executive President
2	Joint/Deputy Secretary (Watershed Development)	Member
3	Commissioner (Agriculture)	Member
4	Commissioner (Animal Husbandry)	Member
5	Director (Horticulture)	Member
6	Director (Ground Water)	Member
7	Director (Social Forestry)	Member
8	Director (Social Welfare)	Member
9	Director (soil conservation and Watershed Development)	Member Secretary

District level committee

No	Member	Designation
1	Chief Executive Officer, ZP	Executive President
2	District Planning Officer	Member
3	District Health Officer	Member
4	District Educational Officer	Member
5	Dy.Chief Executive Officer (Woman, child & Grampanchayat)	Member
6	District Animal Husbandry Officer	Member
7	Senior Geologist Officer (Ground water)	Member
8	Deputy Forest Conservator	Member
9	Deputy Director Social Forestry	Member
10	Invitee officer from district	Invitee member
11	District Suprident Agriculture Officer	Member Secretary

Village level committee

No	Member	Designation
1	Member Elected by Gram sabha	Executive President
2	One Member form Cast Tribe (SC, ST, NT)	Member
3	One Member Women	Member
4	One Member form NGO	Member
5	Talathi	Member
6	Village Development Officer (Gramsevak)	Member

Watershed Development Program in Bhoyre Pathar (AdarshGoan) Tal & Dist. A.Nagar



Watershed Development Program in Pimpalgoan Kawada (AdarshGoan) Tal&Dist.A.Nagar



Watershed Development Program in Nivdunge Wadi (AdarshGoan) Tal. Parner



THANK YOU



For being with us